



WMUN II

Disarmament and International Security Committee

Dossier

Laila Board: Co-Chair

Kavin Rameshkumar: Co-Chair

Luka Board: Co-Chair

Positions

1. **United States of America**: The U.S. wants to keep its lead in autonomous and space weapons while stopping enemies from using biological and chemical weapons.
2. **Israel**: Israel wants strong autonomous weapons and missile defense to protect itself and to stop nearby enemies from getting biological, chemical, or space-based weapons.
3. **China**: China wants to grow its autonomous and space power to catch up with the U.S. and protect its people from biological and chemical threats.

4. **Russia**: Russia wants advanced autonomous and space weapons to balance NATO and avoid limits that could weaken its military, while guarding against biological and chemical threats.
5. **Ukraine**: Ukraine wants access to defensive autonomous tech and protection from any chemical, biological, or space-based attacks from stronger countries.
6. **Republic of Korea**: South Korea wants strong autonomous and space-based defenses to deter North Korea and strict rules against biological and chemical weapons.
7. **North Korea**: North Korea is interested in powerful autonomous and possibly WMD-type weapons to protect the regime and rejects limits on its programs.
8. **United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland**: The UK wants to use new autonomous and space tech for defense while supporting global bans on biological and chemical weapons.
9. **Australia**: Australia relies on advanced tech from allies for defense and supports strict rules against dangerous autonomous, biological, and chemical weapons.
10. **India**: India wants to build its own autonomous space systems to counter neighbors and to stop biological and chemical weapons from spreading in its region.
11. **France**: France wants to stay a major military and space power while backing strong limits on misuse of autonomous weapons and all WMDs.
12. **Germany**: Germany supports strict global rules on autonomous weapons and outer space and strong bans on biological and chemical weapons.
13. **Türkiye**: Türkiye wants to grow its drone and autonomous weapons industry, but does not want biological or chemical weapons to spread in its region.
14. **United Arab Emirates**: The UAE is investing in advanced defense and space tech while trying to avoid being targeted by biological, chemical, or space-based weapons.
15. **Nigeria**: Nigeria worries that autonomous, biological, or chemical weapons could increase terrorism and conflict, so it supports strong global controls.
16. **Canada**: Canada supports strict limits or bans on lethal autonomous weapons, strict rules against WMDs, and keeping outer space mostly peaceful.
17. **Latvia**: Latvia wants NATO-backed autonomous and space defenses against Russia and tight rules on biological and chemical weapons nearby.
18. **Italy**: Italy balances its NATO role and modern weapons with support for strong arms control on autonomous, biological, chemical, and space weapons.
19. **Iran**: Iran is interested in building powerful, often asymmetric weapons, including autonomous ones, and opposes limits it thinks weaken its deterrence.
20. **Saudi Arabia**: Saudi Arabia wants advanced autonomous and missile-defense systems and worries about rivals using biological, chemical, or space-based weapons.
21. **Romania**: Romania depends on NATO for security and supports limits on destabilizing autonomous and WMD technologies in its region.

22. **Qatar**: Qatar wants high-tech but controlled defense tools and fears any biological, chemical, or space-based attack on its small territory.
23. **Switzerland**: Switzerland supports strict international laws to limit autonomous weapons, WMDs, and the militarization of outer space.
24. **Spain**: Spain supports NATO defense but also wants strong rules against autonomous, biological, chemical, and space-based weapons.
25. **Brazil**: Brazil is worried that advanced autonomous and space weapons will increase global inequality and supports strong bans on biological and chemical weapons.
26. **Singapore**: Singapore wants modern, high-tech defenses but also clear rules to stop dangerous autonomous, biological, chemical, and space weapons in its region.
27. **Netherlands**: The Netherlands strongly supports international law and tight limits or bans on lethal autonomous weapons, WMDs, and space militarization.
28. **Kuwait**: Kuwait relies on advanced allied defenses and wants strong protection from biological, chemical, or space-based attacks in the Gulf.
29. **Sweden**: Sweden supports strict human control over autonomous weapons, strong WMD bans, and limiting the use of outer space for war.
30. **Denmark**: Denmark supports using new tech in NATO under ethical rules and backs strong limits on biological, chemical, and space-based weapons.